

# HH-66 Thinner

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations  
Issue date: 9/2/2022 Version: 1.0

### SECTION 1: Identification

#### 1.1. Identification

Product form : Mixture  
Trade name : HH-66 Thinner  
Synonyms : Solvent Blend

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture : Thinner  
Restrictions on use : No additional information available

#### 1.3. Supplier

##### Supplier

RH Adhesives  
308 Old High Street  
Acton, MA, 01720  
USA  
T 1-978-897-8000  
[sales@rhadhesives.com](mailto:sales@rhadhesives.com)

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : 1-800-535-5053 INFOTRAC; 1-352-323-3500 INFOTRAC International

### SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

##### GHS US classification

Flammable liquids Category 2	H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A	H319	Causes serious eye irritation
Reproductive toxicity Category 2	H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Acute Hazard Category 2	H401	Toxic to aquatic life
Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Chronic Hazard Category 3	H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Full text of H statements : see section 16

#### 2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

##### GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US) :



Signal word (GHS US) : Danger  
Hazard statements (GHS US) : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor  
H315 - Causes skin irritation  
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation  
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness  
H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

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Precautionary statements (GHS US)

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure  
H401 - Toxic to aquatic life  
H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects  
: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.  
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
P233 - Keep container tightly closed.  
P240 - Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment.  
P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, lighting, ventilating equipment.  
P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.  
P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.  
P260 - Do not breathe vapors, mist, spray.  
P264 - Wash hands and forearms, and other exposed area thoroughly after handling.  
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.  
P280 - Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective gloves.  
P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.  
P352 - Wash with plenty of water.  
P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.  
P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.  
P312 - Call a POISON CENTER if you feel unwell.  
P321 - Specific treatment (see section 4 on this label).  
P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.  
P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.  
P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.  
P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use dry chemical powder, alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish.  
P391 - Collect spillage.  
P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.  
P405 - Store locked up.  
P501 - Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

### 2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

No additional information available

### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

## SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

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### 3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
Toluene	CAS-No.: 108-88-3	≥ 60 – < 80	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 2, H401 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
Acetone	CAS-No.: 67-64-1	≥ 15 – < 20	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
Methyl ethyl ketone	CAS-No.: 78-93-3	≥ 5 – < 10	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

## SECTION 4: First-aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general	: Call a poison center/doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
First-aid measures after inhalation	: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Remove affected clothing and wash all exposed skin area with mild soap and water, followed by warm water rinse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Rinse mouth out with water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: Depression of the central nervous system, headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, loss of coordination. nausea, vomiting.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Redness. Itching. Swelling. Absorbed through the skin. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation. Redness. Lacrimation. Itching. Blurred vision.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Abdominal pain.
Chronic symptoms	: Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May cause kidney and liver disease, and disorders of the central nervous system.

### 4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Treat symptomatically.

## SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

### 5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	: Dry powder. Alcohol-resistant foam. Carbon dioxide.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use a heavy water stream.

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### 5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

- Fire hazard : Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to an ignition source and flash back to source of vapors. Heating will cause a rise in pressure with a risk of bursting. Burning produces stinking and toxic fumes. In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
- Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire : Toxic fumes may be released. Carbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide.

### 5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

- Firefighting instructions : Evacuate the danger area. Move containers from fire area if it can be done without personal risk. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.
- Protection during firefighting : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- General measures : Avoid contact with skin and eyes. No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Use special care to avoid static electric charges.

#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

- Protective equipment : Wear recommended personal protective equipment.
- Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Ventilate spillage area. Avoid breathing vapors, mist. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not touch or walk on the spilled product. No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk.

#### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

- Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".
- Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Avoid breathing (dust, vapor, mist, gas). Use non-sparking tools.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- For containment : Stop leak, if possible without risk. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Remove ignition sources.
- Methods for cleaning up : Caution : this product can cause the floor to be slippery. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Do not absorb with saw-dust or any other combustible absorbent material. Small quantities of liquid spill: take up in non-combustible absorbent material and shovel into container for disposal. For large spills, confine the spill in a dike and charge it with wet sand or earth for subsequent safe disposal. Clean contaminated surfaces with an excess of water. Use non-sparking tools.
- Other information : Dispose of via an authorised person/ licensed waste disposal contractor or by other suitable waste treatment techniques.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 13. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

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### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

- Precautions for safe handling : Provide adequate ventilation to minimize dust and/or vapor concentrations. Avoid breathing vapors, mist. Wear personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Handling this product may result in electrostatic accumulation. Use proper grounding procedures. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use explosion-proof equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
- Hygiene measures : Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Always wash hands after handling the product. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Storage conditions : Store in a well-ventilated place. Store in a dry place. Keep cool. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Containers which are opened should be properly resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Store in accordance with local, regional, national or international regulation.
- Incompatible products : Strong acids. Strong bases. Oxidizing agent.
- Incompatible materials : Direct sunlight. Heat sources. Sources of ignition.
- Storage area : Store in dry, cool, well-ventilated area.

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

HH-66 Thinner	
No additional information available	
Toluene (108-88-3)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Toluene
ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	20 ppm
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: CNS, visual & hearing impair; female repro system eff; pregnancy loss. Notations: OTO; A4 (Not classifiable as a Human Carcinogen); BEI
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2022
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Toluene
OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	200 ppm
OSHA PEL C [ppm]	300 ppm
Acceptable maximum peak above the acceptable ceiling concentration for an 8-hr shift	500 ppm 10 mins.
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-2
Acetone (67-64-1)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Acetone

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Acetone (67-64-1)	
ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	250 ppm
ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	500 ppm
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT & eye irr; CNS impair. Notations: A4 (Not classifiable as a Human Carcinogen); BEI
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021

USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Acetone
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	2400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	1000 ppm
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1

Methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Methyl ethyl ketone (MEK)
ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	200 ppm
ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	300 ppm
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT irr; CNS & PNS impair. Notations: BEI
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2022

USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	2-Butanone (Methyl ethyl ketone)
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	590 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	200 ppm
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1

### 8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

- Appropriate engineering controls : Provide local exhaust or general room ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Avoid all unnecessary exposure. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.
- Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment. Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil.

### 8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

#### Personal protective equipment:

Wear recommended personal protective equipment. Personal protective equipment should be chosen according to the NIOSH standards and in discussion with the supplier of the protective equipment.

<b>Hand protection:</b>
Chemical resistant gloves (according to NIOSH standard). Please follow the instructions related to the permeability and the penetration time provided by the manufacturer. Selection of protective gloves should be made based on the type of task performed
<b>Eye protection:</b>
Chemical goggles or safety glasses

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### Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing. Skin protection appropriate to the conditions of use should be provided

### Respiratory protection:

Where excessive vapor, mist, or dust may result, use approved respiratory protection equipment. All respirators must conform to specifications for efficiency and performance indicated by OSHA Standard 29 CFR 1910.134 and NIOSH Standards

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Color	: Colorless
Odor	: strong aromatic odor/sharp mint like fragrance
Odor threshold	: No data available
pH	: No data available
Melting point	: No data available
Freezing point	: Not applicable
Boiling point	: > 35 °C (95.0 °F)
Flash point	: -11 °C (12.2 °F)
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable.
Vapor pressure	: 180 mm Hg (20 °C; 68 °F)
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: > 1 (heavier than air)
Relative density	: 0.84 (water=1)
Solubility	: insoluble in water.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not applicable
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosion limits	: Lower explosion limit: 1 vol % Upper explosion limit: 11 vol %
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidizing properties	: No data available

### 9.2. Other information

VOC content : 81.4 % (5.8 lbs/gal or 700 g/l)

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Can form explosive mixtures with air. Heating may cause a fire or explosion.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions of use.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization: Will not occur. Reacts vigorously with strong oxidizers and acids.

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### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

None under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7). Protect from sunlight. Overheating. Extremely high or low temperatures. No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agent. Strong acids. Strong bases.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified  
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified  
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified

#### Toluene (108-88-3)

LD50 oral rat	5580 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	8390 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	25.7 mg/l/4h
ATE US (oral)	2600 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	12000 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (vapors)	25.7 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	25.7 mg/l/4h

#### Acetone (67-64-1)

LD50 oral rat	5800 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	15688 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	44 g/m <sup>3</sup>
ATE US (oral)	5800 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	15688 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (vapors)	44 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	44 mg/l/4h

#### Methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)

LD50 oral rat	2054 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rat	> 10 ml/kg
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	23500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8 h)

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes skin irritation.  
Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye irritation.  
Respiratory or skin sensitization : Not classified  
Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified  
Carcinogenicity : Not classified



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<b>Toluene (108-88-3)</b>	
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
STOT-single exposure	: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
<b>Methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)</b>	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
STOT-repeated exposure	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: Depression of the central nervous system, headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, loss of coordination. nausea, vomiting.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Redness. Itching. Swelling. Absorbed through the skin. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation. Redness. Lacrimation. Itching. Blurred vision.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Abdominal pain.
Chronic symptoms	: Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May cause kidney and liver disease, and disorders of the central nervous system.
Other information	: No experimental study on the product is available. The information given is based on our knowledge of the components and the classification of the product is determined by calculation.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

<b>Toluene (108-88-3)</b>	
LC50 - Fish [1]	15.22 – 19.05 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	5.46 – 9.83 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [static])
LC50 - Fish [2]	12.6 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])
EC50 - Crustacea [2]	11.5 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
NOEC chronic crustacea	0.74 mg/l (Ceriodaphnia dubia)
<b>Acetone (67-64-1)</b>	
LC50 - Fish [1]	4144.846 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	1679.66 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [static])
LC50 - Fish [2]	6210 – 8120 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])
EC50 - Crustacea [2]	12600 – 12700 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
<b>Methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)</b>	
LC50 - Fish [1]	3130 – 3320 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h; Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	520 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
EC50 - Crustacea [2]	5091 (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)



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### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Paint related material  
Proper Shipping Name (TDG) : PAINT RELATED MATERIAL  
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : PAINT RELATED MATERIAL  
Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Paint related material

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

#### DOT

Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : 3  
Hazard labels (DOT) : 3



#### TDG

Transport hazard class(es) (TDG) : 3  
Hazard labels (TDG) : 3



#### IMDG

Transport hazard class(es) (IMDG) : 3  
Hazard labels (IMDG) : 3



#### IATA

Transport hazard class(es) (IATA) : 3  
Hazard labels (IATA) : 3



### 14.4. Packing group

Packing group (DOT) : II  
Packing group (TDG) : II  
Packing group (IMDG) : II  
Packing group (IATA) : II

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Other information : No supplementary information available.

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

#### DOT

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1263

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DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)	: 149 - When transported as a limited quantity or a consumer commodity, the maximum net capacity specified in 173.150(b)(2) of this subchapter for inner packaging may be increased to 5 L (1.3 gallons). 367 - For the purposes of documentation and package marking: a. The proper shipping name "Paint related material" may be used for consignments of packages containing "Paint" and "Paint related material" in the same package; b. The proper shipping name "Paint related material, corrosive, flammable" may be used for consignments of packages containing "Paint, corrosive, flammable" and "Paint related material, corrosive, flammable" in the same package; c. The proper shipping name "Paint related material, flammable, corrosive" may be used for consignments of packages containing "Paint, flammable, corrosive" and "Paint related material, flammable, corrosive" in the same package; and d. The proper shipping name "Printing ink related material" may be used for consignments of packages containing "Printing ink" and "Printing ink related material" in the same package. B52 - Notwithstanding the provisions of 173.24b of this subchapter, non-reclosing pressure relief devices are authorized on DOT 57 portable tanks. B131 - When transported by highway, rail, or cargo vessel, waste Paint and Paint related material (UN1263; PG II and PG III), when in plastic or metal inner packagings of not more than 26.5 L (7 gallons), are excepted from the marking requirements in §172.301(a) and (c) and the labeling requirements in §172.400(a), when further packed in the following specification and non-specification bulk outer packagings and under the following conditions:  a. Primary receptacles must conform to the general packaging requirements of subpart B of part 173 of this subchapter and may not leak. If they do leak, they must be overpacked in packagings conforming to the specification requirements of part 178 of this subchapter or in salvage packagings conforming to the requirements in §173.12 of this subchapter.  b. Primary receptacles must be further packed in non-specification bulk outer packagings such as cubic yard boxes, plastic rigid-wall bulk containers, dump trailers, and roll-off containers. Bulk outer packagings must be liquid tight through design or by the use of lining materials.  c. Primary receptacles may also be further packed in specification bulk outer packagings. Authorized specification bulk outer packagings are UN11G fiberboard intermediate bulk containers (IBC) and UN13H4 woven plastic, coated and with liner flexible intermediate bulk containers (FIBCs) meeting the Packing Group II performance level and lined with a plastic liner of at least 6 mil thickness.  d. All inner packagings placed inside bulk outer packagings must be blocked and braced to prevent movement during transportation that could cause the container to open or fall over. Specification IBCs and FIBCs are to be secured to a pallet. IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized. T4 - 2.65 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3) TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = $97 / 1 + a (tr - tf)$ Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling. TP8 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 1.5 bar (150 kPa) may be used when the flash point of the hazardous material transported is greater than 0 C (32 F). TP28 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 2.65 bar (265 kPa) may be used provided the calculated test pressure is 2.65 bar or less based on the MAWP of the hazardous material, as defined in 178.275 of this subchapter, where the test pressure is 1.5 times the MAWP.
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 150
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 173
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 242
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27)	: 5 L

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DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)	: 60 L
DOT Vessel Stowage Location	: B - (i) The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) "On deck only" on passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this section is exceeded.
<b>TDG</b>	
UN-No. (TDG)	: UN1263
TDG Special Provisions	: 59 - Substances that are listed by name in Schedule 1 must not be transported under this shipping name. Substances transported under this shipping name may contain not more than 20% nitrocellulose if the nitrocellulose contains not more than 12.6% nitrogen (by dry mass), 142 - The following shipping names may be used to meet the requirements of Part 3 (Documentation) and Part 4 (Dangerous Goods Safety Marks) when these dangerous goods are offered for transport in the same means of containment: (a) "PAINT RELATED MATERIAL" may be used for a means of containment containing both paint and paint related material; (b) "PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE" may be used for a means of containment containing both paint, corrosive, flammable, and paint related material, corrosive, flammable; (c) "PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE" may be used for a means of containment containing both paint, flammable, corrosive, and paint related material, flammable, corrosive; and (d) "PRINTING INK RELATED MATERIAL" may be used for a means of containment containing both printing ink and printing ink related material.
Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index	: 5 L
Excepted quantities (TDG)	: E2
Passenger Carrying Road Vehicle or Passenger Carrying Railway Vehicle Index	: 5 L
Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number	: 128
<b>IMDG</b>	
Special provision (IMDG)	: 163, 367
Limited quantities (IMDG)	: 5 L
Excepted quantities (IMDG)	: E2
Packing instructions (IMDG)	: P001
Packing provisions (IMDG)	: PP1
IBC packing instructions (IMDG)	: IBC02
Tank instructions (IMDG)	: T4
Tank special provisions (IMDG)	: TP1, TP8, TP28
EmS-No. (Fire)	: F-E - FIRE SCHEDULE Echo - NON-WATER-REACTIVE FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS
EmS-No. (Spillage)	: S-E - SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Echo - FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, FLOATING ON WATER
Stowage category (IMDG)	: B
Properties and observations (IMDG)	: Miscibility with water depends upon the composition.
<b>IATA</b>	
PCA Excepted quantities (IATA)	: E2
PCA Limited quantities (IATA)	: Y341
PCA limited quantity max net quantity (IATA)	: 1L
PCA packing instructions (IATA)	: 353
PCA max net quantity (IATA)	: 5L
CAO packing instructions (IATA)	: 364
CAO max net quantity (IATA)	: 60L
Special provision (IATA)	: A3, A72, A192
ERG code (IATA)	: 3L

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### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. US Federal regulations

All components of this product are present and listed as Active on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory

Chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

Toluene	CAS-No. 108-88-3	≥ 60 – < 80%
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#### Toluene (108-88-3)

Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)

CERCLA RQ	1000 lb
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#### Acetone (67-64-1)

CERCLA RQ	5000 lb
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#### Methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)

Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)

CERCLA RQ	5000 lb
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### 15.2. International regulations

#### CANADA

#### Toluene (108-88-3)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### Acetone (67-64-1)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### Methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### EU-Regulations

No additional information available

#### National regulations

#### Toluene (108-88-3)

Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

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### Acetone (67-64-1)

Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

### Methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)

Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

### 15.3. US State regulations

 **WARNING:** This product can expose you to Toluene, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to [www.P65Warnings.ca.gov](http://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov).

### SECTION 16: Other information

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Data sources : Supplier's safety documents.  
Training advice : Training staff on good practice.  
Other information : SDS prepared by. H2 Compliance.

#### Full text of H-phrases

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H315	Causes skin irritation
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H401	Toxic to aquatic life
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), USA

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.